

**Corrigé de l'exercice 1**Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$\begin{aligned} P(x) &= x^2 - 6x + 8 \\ &= (x - 3)^2 - 3^2 + 8 \\ &= (x - 3)^2 - 9 + 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{P(x) = (x - 3)^2 - 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q(x) &= x^2 - 7x - 3 \\ &= \left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - 3 \\ &= \left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{3 \times 4}{1 \times 4} \\ &= \left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{12}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{Q(x) = \left(x - \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-61}{4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(x) &= 25x^2 - 20x + 4 \\ &= (5x - 2)^2 \\ &= \left(5 \times \left(x - \frac{2}{5}\right)\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{R(x) = 25 \times \left(x - \frac{2}{5}\right)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S(x) &= -4x^2 - 6x + 3 \\ &= -4 \times \left(x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3}{4}\right) \\ &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-3}{4}\right) \\ &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} + \frac{-3 \times 4}{4 \times 4}\right) \\ &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} + \frac{-12}{16}\right) \\ &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-21}{16}\right) \\ &= -4 \times \left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-21 \times \cancel{4} \times (-1)}{\cancel{4} \times 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{S(x) = -4 \times \left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{21}{4}}$$

**Corrigé de l'exercice 2**Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$\begin{aligned} P(x) &= 4x^2 - 6x - 7 \\ &= 4 \times \left(x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{7}{4}\right) \\ &= 4 \times \left(\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-7}{4}\right) \\ &= 4 \times \left(\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} + \frac{-7 \times 4}{4 \times 4}\right) \\ &= 4 \times \left(\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} + \frac{-28}{16}\right) \\ &= 4 \times \left(\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-37}{16}\right) \\ &= 4 \times \left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-37 \times \cancel{4}}{\cancel{4} \times 4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{P(x) = 4 \times \left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{-37}{4}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q(x) &= 9x^2 + 18x + 9 \\ &= (3x + 3)^2 \\ &= \left(3 \times \left(x + \frac{3}{3}\right)\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{Q(x) = 9 \times (x + 1)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S(x) &= x^2 - 14x + 9 \\ &= (x - 7)^2 - 7^2 + 9 \\ &= (x - 7)^2 - 49 + 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{S(x) = (x - 7)^2 - 40}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(x) &= x^2 + 7x - 2 \\ &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - 2 \\ &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{2 \times 4}{1 \times 4} \\ &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{8}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{R(x) = \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-57}{4}}$$

**Corrigé de l'exercice 3**

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$P(x) = -2x^2 + 3x + 8$$

$$= -2 \times \left( x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x - 4 \right)$$

$$= -2 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 - 4 \right)$$

$$= -2 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} - \frac{4 \times 16}{1 \times 16} \right)$$

$$= -2 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{-9}{16} - \frac{64}{16} \right)$$

$$= -2 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{-73}{16} \right)$$

$$= -2 \times \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{-73 \times 2 \times (-1)}{2 \times 8}$$

$$P(x) = -2 \times \left( x - \frac{3}{4} \right)^2 + \frac{73}{8}$$

$$Q(x) = x^2 - 7x + 8$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + 8$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} + \frac{8 \times 4}{1 \times 4}$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} + \frac{32}{4}$$

$$Q(x) = \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-17}{4}$$

$$R(x) = x^2 + 8x + 7$$

$$= (x + 4)^2 - 4^2 + 7$$

$$= (x + 4)^2 - 16 + 7$$

$$R(x) = (x + 4)^2 - 9$$

$$S(x) = x^2 + 14x + 49$$

$$S(x) = (x + 7)^2$$

### Corrigé de l'exercice 4

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$P(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$P(x) = (x + 2)^2$$

$$R(x) = x^2 + 18x + 6$$

$$= (x + 9)^2 - 9^2 + 6$$

$$= (x + 9)^2 - 81 + 6$$

$$R(x) = (x + 9)^2 - 75$$

$$Q(x) = -4x^2 + 9x - 6$$

$$= -4 \times \left( x^2 - \frac{9}{4}x + \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$= -4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$= -4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{3 \times 32}{2 \times 32} \right)$$

$$= -4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{96}{64} \right)$$

$$= -4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{15}{64} \right)$$

$$= -4 \times \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{15 \times 4 \times (-1)}{4 \times 16}$$

$$Q(x) = -4 \times \left( x - \frac{9}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-15}{16}$$

$$S(x) = x^2 - 7x - 6$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 - 6$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{6 \times 4}{1 \times 4}$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{24}{4}$$

$$S(x) = \left( x - \frac{7}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-73}{4}$$

### Corrigé de l'exercice 5

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$P(x) = 4x^2 - 7x - 6$$

$$= 4 \times \left( x^2 - \frac{7}{4}x - \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-3}{2} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{64} + \frac{-3 \times 32}{2 \times 32} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{64} + \frac{-96}{64} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-145}{64} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-145 \times 4}{4 \times 16}$$

$$P(x) = 4 \times \left( x - \frac{7}{8} \right)^2 + \frac{-145}{16}$$

$$Q(x) = x^2 + 18x - 2$$

$$= (x+9)^2 - 9^2 - 2$$

$$= (x+9)^2 - 81 - 2$$

$$Q(x) = (x+9)^2 - 83$$

$$R(x) = 16x^2 + 32x + 16$$

$$= (4x+4)^2$$

$$= \left( 4 \times \left( x + \frac{4}{4} \right) \right)^2$$

$$R(x) = 16 \times \left( x + 1 \right)^2$$

$$S(x) = x^2 - 11x - 4$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{11}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{11}{2} \right)^2 - 4$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{11}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-121}{4} - \frac{4 \times 4}{1 \times 4}$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{11}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-121}{4} - \frac{16}{4}$$

$$S(x) = \left( x - \frac{11}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-137}{4}$$

### Corrigé de l'exercice 6

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$P(x) = x^2 - 2x - 8$$

$$= (x-1)^2 - 1^2 - 8$$

$$= (x-1)^2 - 1 - 8$$

$$P(x) = (x-1)^2 - 9$$

$$Q(x) = 4x^2 - 4x + 7$$

$$= 4 \times \left( x^2 - x + \frac{7}{4} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{7}{4} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{6}{4} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{3 \times 2}{2 \times 2} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

$$= 4 \times \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{3 \times 2 \times 2}{2 \times 1}$$

$$Q(x) = 4 \times \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 + 6$$

$$R(x) = x^2 - 5x - 6$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 - 6$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-25}{4} - \frac{6 \times 4}{1 \times 4}$$

$$= \left( x - \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-25}{4} - \frac{24}{4}$$

$$R(x) = \left( x - \frac{5}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4}$$

$$S(x) = 64x^2 + 112x + 49$$

$$= (8x+7)^2$$

$$= \left( 8 \times \left( x + \frac{7}{8} \right) \right)^2$$

$$S(x) = 64 \times \left( x + \frac{7}{8} \right)^2$$

### Corrigé de l'exercice 7

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(x) &= x^2 + 7x - 9 \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2 - 9 \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{9 \times 4}{1 \times 4} \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-49}{4} - \frac{36}{4} \\
 \boxed{P(x) &= \left(x + \frac{7}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-85}{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q(x) &= 16x^2 - 40x + 25 \\
 &= (4x - 5)^2 \\
 &= \left(4 \times \left(x - \frac{5}{4}\right)\right)^2 \\
 \boxed{Q(x) &= 16 \times \left(x - \frac{5}{4}\right)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R(x) &= -4x^2 - 9x - 6 \\
 &= -4 \times \left(x^2 + \frac{9}{4}x + \frac{3}{2}\right) \\
 &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{2}\right) \\
 &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{3 \times 32}{2 \times 32}\right) \\
 &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{96}{64}\right) \\
 &= -4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{15}{64}\right) \\
 &= -4 \times \left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{15 \times 4 \times (-1)}{4 \times 16} \\
 \boxed{R(x) &= -4 \times \left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{-15}{16}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(x) &= x^2 - 14x - 1 \\
 &= (x - 7)^2 - 7^2 - 1 \\
 &= (x - 7)^2 - 49 - 1 \\
 \boxed{S(x) &= (x - 7)^2 - 50}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Corrigé de l'exercice 8

Donner la forme canonique des polynômes  $P$ ,  $Q$ ,  $R$  et  $S$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(x) &= x^2 + 12x - 9 \\
 &= (x + 6)^2 - 6^2 - 9 \\
 &= (x + 6)^2 - 36 - 9 \\
 \boxed{P(x) &= (x + 6)^2 - 45}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q(x) &= 4x^2 + 9x + 8 \\
 &= 4 \times \left(x^2 + \frac{9}{4}x + 2\right) \\
 &= 4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + 2\right) \\
 &= 4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{2 \times 64}{1 \times 64}\right) \\
 &= 4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{-81}{64} + \frac{128}{64}\right) \\
 &= 4 \times \left(\left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{47}{64}\right) \\
 &= 4 \times \left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{47 \times 4}{4 \times 16} \\
 \boxed{Q(x) &= 4 \times \left(x + \frac{9}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{47}{16}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 R(x) &= x^2 + 5x - 3 \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 - 3 \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-25}{4} - \frac{3 \times 4}{1 \times 4} \\
 &= \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-25}{4} - \frac{12}{4} \\
 \boxed{R(x) &= \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{-37}{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(x) &= 81x^2 - 72x + 16 \\
 &= (9x - 4)^2 \\
 &= \left(9 \times \left(x - \frac{4}{9}\right)\right)^2 \\
 \boxed{S(x) &= 81 \times \left(x - \frac{4}{9}\right)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$